

Statewide Energy Efficiency Forum

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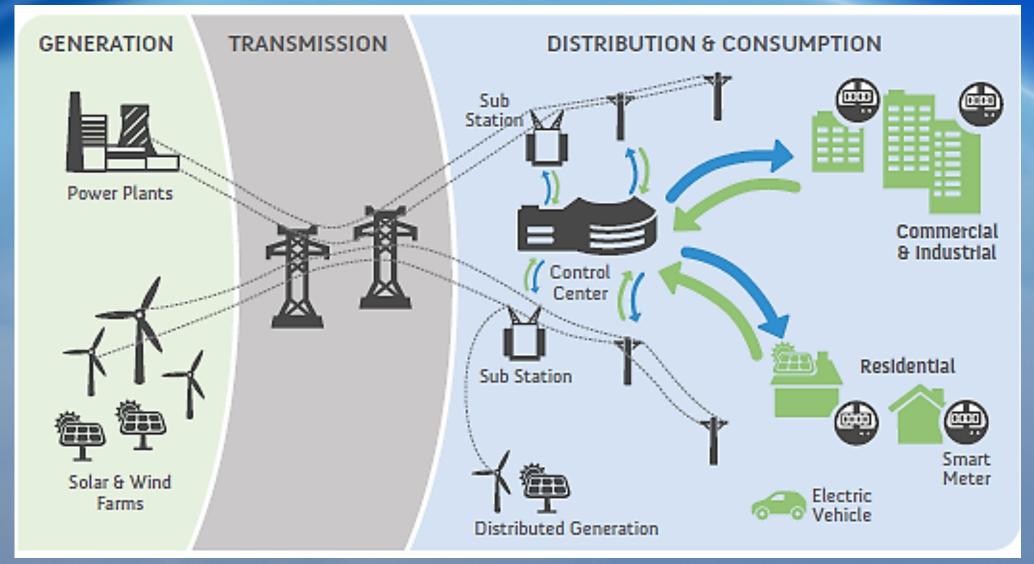
Southern California Gas Company



- Largest natural gas
 distribution utility in US
- Service territory of 20,000 square miles
- Serving 20.9 million consumers through 5.8 million meters in more than 500 communities
- Workforce of 8,500 employees

Aging/Centralized electric grid transforming – Becoming modern and distributed "energy" grid while we are de-carbonizing energy supply









- Modern technology to adapt to consumer preferences
- Flexible and dynamic infrastructure
- Adjusted customer behaviors
- Market incentives balanced with environmental policy
- Predictable and balanced public policy

Federal/State Policy Strongly Support CHP (Southern California Gas Company



- -- CARB CHP Target from AB 32 4,000 MW new CHP by 2020
- -- 2008 Scoping Plan and *Draft* 2014 Scoping Plan Update 6.7 MMT CO_{2e}CARB AB 32 Scoping Plan CHP Target
- -- Governor Brown's Jobs Plan 6,500 MW of new CHP by 2030
- -- Southern California Reliability CHP preferred resource for SONGS and once thru cooling
- -- CEC 2014 Integrated Energy Policy Report (IEPR) CHP Prominent
- -- Obama's Executive Order 13624 40 GW new CHP by 2020
- -- CPUC Settlement Agreements (2010) SCE, PG&E, SDG&E must procure a min. of 3,000 MW until 2015

Combined Heat and Power



- Distributed Technology / Customer Site
- Create electricity with waste for thermal application (cooling)
- Different than Waste Heat and Power
- Currently used in US for Industrial/Commercial customers
- Micro CHP market growing fast 75% of market in Asia
- Important part of balancing energy grid

CHP Benefits – Part of the overall solution Sempra Energy utility*

Environmental:

- Reduced GHG and polluting emissions
- Reduced environmental footprint
- Reduced peak demand

Customer

- Reduced customer energy costs
- Local control of resource
- Need rate structure to accommodate and protect "departing load" for electric utilities

Efficiency:

- High overall utilization efficiencies
- Reduced operating costs
- Local use Limited transmission/distribution costs
- Proven technologies commercially available that cover full range of sizes and applications

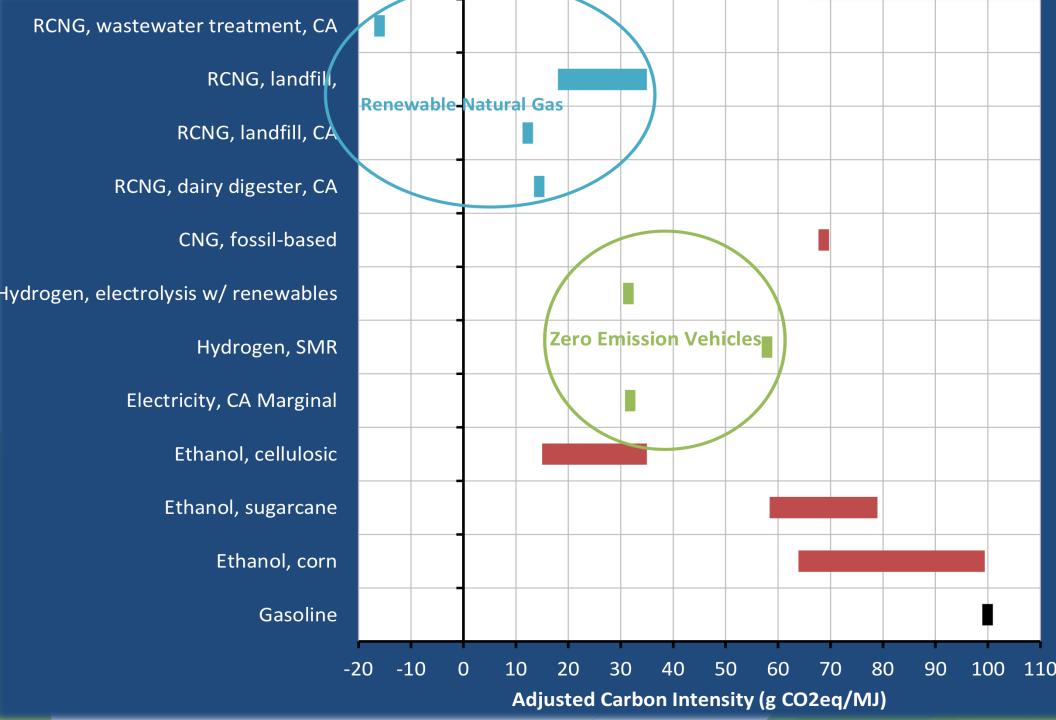
Distributed Energy Resources (DER) Proposed Tark

- » DER Tariff filed with the California Public Utilities Commission on 08/08/14
- » Utility design, install, own, operate, and maintain distributed energy assets on or adjacent to customer premises. Optional tariff.
 - Flexible financing
 - Customer responsible for natural gas and electricity commodities
 - Primary CHP targeted customer segment = base load of 1 to 20 MW
- » Applications:
 - Combined Heat and Power (CHP)
 - Waste Heat to Power
 - Mechanical Drives
 - Fuel Cells
- » Pricing: Customer pays a monthly market-based service fee
 - SoCalGas ratepayers bear no risk under the tariff
- » Term: The DER contract term is negotiable and is expected to range from 10 to 20 years





- Renewable Natural Gas/Biogas will help lower the greenhouse gas profile of all natural gas uses
 - Agricultural waste
 - Wastewater treatment facilities
 - Landfills
- Offering Biogas Conditioning Services Tariff to facilitate development of renewable natural gas market by providing a means to clean biogas so it can be injected into our pipelines



SoCalGas Biogas Conditioning/Upgrading Services (BCS) Tariff



- BCS Tariff allows SoCalGas to design, install, own, operate & maintain biogas conditioning/upgrading equipment on or adjacent to the customers premises
 - SoCalGas will not own the biogas Just the equipment
 - Customer must pay for all costs associated with the interconnection facilities
 - Optional tariff Competitively neutral

- Pricing BCS Tariff rate charged to customer covers both CapEx and O&M
 - Ratepayers bear no risk under the BCS Tariff

Term: BCS contract term is negotiable and is expected to range from 10 to 15 years

Review / Utility Role Distributed Resources



- Complicated energy grid of the future
- Necessary to have "all of the above" strategy
 - Technology and fuel
- Reliability and affordability as important as Environmental
- NG technologies like CHP and Tariffs can help
- Municipal application must use all tools available



QUESTIONS/COMMENTS